

Model Law: Section 1. For the purposes of this code:

(a) "Course of conduct" means repeatedly maintaining a visual or physical proximity to a person or repeatedly conveying verbal or written threats or threats implied by conduct or a combination thereof directed at or toward a person;

Section 1. (cont'd) (b) "Repeatedly" means on two or more occasions; (c) "Immediate family" means a spouse, parent, child, sibling, or any other person who regularly resides in the household or who within the prior six months regularly resided in the household.

Section 2. Any person who:

(a) purposefully engages in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear bodily injury to himself or herself or a member of his or her immediate family or to fear the death of himself or herself or a member of his or her immediate family; and

Section 2. (cont'd)

(b) has knowledge or should have knowledge that the specific person will be placed in reasonable fear of bodily injury to himself or herself or a member of his or her immediate family or will be placed in reasonable fear of the death of himself or herself or a member of his or her immediate family; and

Section 2. (cont'd)

(c) whose acts induce fear in the specific person of bodily injury to himself or herself or a member of his or her immediate family or induce fear in the specific person of the death of himself or herself or a member of his or her immediate family;

is guilty of stalking.

State Stalking Laws (22.2-3) All Americans are covered by a stalking statute: All 50 states have statutes outlawing stalking behavior.







Victims in Continual Danger, but no
Immediate Threat

Obtain restraining orders
Anti-stalking laws and enforcement of those laws

Other illegal acts committed by the stalker (i.e., breaking and entering)
Documentation/evidence collection
Local victim assistance and support
Preventive measures
Develop contingency plans